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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/724,831	12/02/2003	Hirofumi Kuwabara	246072US3	2728
22850	7590 02/14/2006		EXAMINER	
OBLON, SPIVAK, MCCLELLAND, MAIER & NEUSTADT, P.C.			TAMAI, KARL I	
1940 DUKE	STREET RIA, VA 22314		ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER	
right in the			2834	
			DATE MAILED: 02/14/200	6

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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	Application No.	Applicant(s)	7,				
	10/724,831	KUWABARA ET AL.					
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit					
	Tamai I.E. Karl	2834					
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	pears on the cover sheet with the o	orrespondence address	•				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING D - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailin earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tir will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the, cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communicat () (35 U.S.C. § 133).					
Status							
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 19 J	anuary 2006.						
•	s action is non-final.						
•—	· ·						
Disposition of Claims							
4) ☐ Claim(s) 1-5,8-15 and 17-20 is/are pending in 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 1-5,8-15 and 17-20 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	wn from consideration.						
Application Papers							
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine							
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acc							
Applicant may not request that any objection to the			1(4)				
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the E							
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119			•				
a) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority document 2. Certified copies of the priority document 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Bureat* See the attached detailed Office action for a list	ts have been received. ts have been received in Applicat prity documents have been receive tu (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	ion No ed in this National Stage					
Attachment(s)	4) Interview Summary	(PTO 413)					
 Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 1/19/2006. 	Paper No(s)/Mail D						

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

1. The rejection of Claims 1, 6, 8, 14, and 16-20 over Mobius et al. (Mobius)(WO 00/149859) is withdrawn.

2. The rejection of Claims 1, 11, 14, 18, and 20 over Amamiya et al. (Amamiya)(JP 62-193540) is withdrawn.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 4. This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

- 5. Claims 1-3, 8, 19, and 20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Yamada ('687)(JP 07-107687) and Yamada et al. (Yamada)(US 5734216). '687 teaches a rotor having permanent magnets 2 mounted on a rotor 4 with continuous circumferential grooves 8 around the rotor. The thickness of the adhesive is in part determined by the grooves 8. '687 does not teach the thickness of the adhesive agent absorbing the stress of thermal expansion between the rotor and stator, or the groove depth/spacers/adhesive layer is in the range of 0.05 mm to 0.2 mm. Yamada teaches the thickness of the adhesive agent absorbing the stress of thermal expansion between the rotor and stator to prevent damage to the magnet. It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to construct the rotor of '687 with the thickness of the adhesive agent absorbing the stress of thermal expansion between the rotor and stator to prevent damage and being in the range of 0.05 mm to 0.2 mm to the magnets as taught by Yamada.
- 6. Claims 4, 5, 9, 10, and 12 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Yamada ('687)(JP 07-107687) and Yamada et al. (Yamada)(US 5734216). '687 and Yamada teach every aspect of the invention except the thickness range being 0.075-0.175 or 0.1-0.15 mm, or the difference in the coefficient of thermal expansion being greater than 10.4 x 10⁻⁶. Yamada teaches the thickness of the adhesive layer and the difference in the coefficient of thermal expansion are result effective variables to prevent breakage of the rare earth magnet. It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to construct the

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taught by Yamada.

motor of '687 and Yamada with the thickness of the determining means being 0.075-0.175 or 0.1-0.15 mm or the difference in the coefficient of thermal expansion being greater than 10.4×10^{-6} to prevent breakage of the magnet at high temperatures as

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- 7. Claim 13 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Yamada ('687)(JP 07-107687) and Yamada et al. (Yamada)(US 5734216). '687 and Yamada teach every aspect of the invention except the rotor being steel and the magnet being rare earth. It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to construct the motor of '687 and Yamada with a steel rotor with rare earth permanent magnets to provide a durable magnet with favorable magnetic qualities, and because selection of materials based on intended use is within the ordinary skill in the art (see *In re Leshin*, 125 USPQ 416).
- 8. Claims 14, 15, 17, and 18 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Yamada ('687)(JP 07-107687) and Yamada et al. (Yamada)(US 5734216), and Maruta (JP 09-140,077). '687 and Yamada teach every aspect of the invention except the thickness determining means corresponds to 48% or more of the axial direction and the surface coverage being between 48-65% or a thickness determining means between the rotor and stator or a thickness determining means being a projection of the rotor. Maruta teaches a projection 50/51 in the rotor which determines the thickness of the adhesive between the rotor and stator (figure 2).

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Maruta teaches the adhesive covering more than 50% of the magnet in the axial direction with a thickness determining means 25 in the groove between the rotor and magnet. The combined teachings of '687 showing a small adhesive groove and Maruta showing a large adhesive groove suggests to a person of ordinary skill in the art that the adhesive groove can be somewhere between the two sizes. It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to construct the motor of '687 and Yamada with the 48-65 % of the magnet opposed to the rotor being '687 adhered by the adhesive layer and with a thickness determining means between the rotor and magnet to provide a stable bond between the magnet and rotor as taught by Maruta.

Allowable Subject Matter

9. Claim 11 is objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

Response to Arguments

10. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-20 have been considered but are most in view of the new grounds of rejection.

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11. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Karl I.E. Tamai whose telephone number is (571) 272 - 2036.

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The examiner can be normally contacted on Monday through Friday from 8:00 am to 4:00 pm. If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Mr. Darren Schuberg, can be reached at (571) 272 - 2044. The facsimile number for the Group is (571) 273 - 8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Karl I Tamai PRIMARY PATENT EXAMINER February 8, 2006 KARL TAMAI PRIMARY EXAMINER